Docket No.: 2815-0335PUS1 (PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of:

Bjarne H. DAHL et al.

Application No.: 10/561,189

Confirmation No.: 3923

Filed: December 16, 2005

Art Unit: 1626

For: DIPHENYLUREA DERIVATIVES AND

THEIR USE AS CHLORIDE CHANNEL

BLOCKERS

Examiner: S. L. Chung

DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

I, Palle Christophersen, so hereby declare the following:

I am the Vice President and Director of In Vitro Pharmacology at NeuroSearch A/S of Ballerup, Denmark.

A copy of my curriculum vitae is attached hereto.

I have read and understand the specification and claims to the above-identified application and the outstanding Office Action of July 15, 2008 (hereinafter "Office Action"), in particular the rejections over obviousness-type double patenting over Claims 1-15 of USP 6,297,261; Claims 1-13 of USP 6,696,475; Claims 12-20 of published application No. 2006/0058395 and Claims 21-39 of published application No. 2006/0160856.

Attached hereto as Exhibit A is data that shows that the compounds of the instant invention possess unexpected advantageous properties compared to the prior art compounds, as evidenced by a K_D value more than 100X lower than that of the prior art compounds. With the

Application No. 10/566,384 Declaration Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

Docket No.: 2815-0347PUS1

attached data, Compound A is a claimed compound of the instant invention, i.e. *N*-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-*N*'-[3-(1*H*-tetrazol-5-yl)-3'-trifluoromethyl-biphenyl-4-yl]-urea. Compound B is *N*-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-*N*'-[4'-carboxamid-2-(1*H*-tetrazol-5-yl)-4-biphenyl urea from US 2006/0160856 and the Compounds C, D and E are respectively, N-(3-Trifluoromethylphenyl)-N'-(4'-carboxy-2-(1-H-tetrazol-5-yl)-4-biphenyl) urea; 3-Trifluoromethylphenyl-4-phenyl-2-(5-tetrazolyl)phenyl urea and 3-Trifluoromethylphenyl-4-(4-aminocarbonylphenyl)-2-(5-tetrazolyl)phenyl urea, which are all disclosed in USP 6,297,261, USP 6,696,475, and US 2006/0058395. Exhibit A further discusses the comparative study done with these compounds.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of any own knowledge are true, and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001, of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Dated: 13-11-2008

Palle Christophersen, PhD

Enclosures:

Exhibit A: Comparative data

EXHIBIT A Comparative Data

- In this exhibit the effect of the compound of the invention *N*-(3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-*N*'-[3-(1*H*-tetrazol-5-yl)-3'-trifluoromethyl-biphenyl-4-yl]-urea (compound A, 4th compound on page 19 of the specification) and the prior art compounds *N*-(3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-*N*'-[4'carboxamide-2-(1*H*-tetrazol-5-yl)-4-biphenyl] urea (compound B; of WO 2004/022529) and 3trifluoromethylphenyl-4-(4-aminocarbonylphenyl)-2-(5-tetrazolyl)phenyl urea, 3-
- trifluoromethylphenyl-4-phenyl-2-(5-tetrazolyl)phenyl urea, and N-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-N'(4'-carboxy-2-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-4-biphenyl) urea (compounds C-E; all of US 2002-037905) on
 the Volume Regulated Anion Channel (VRAC) was tested by the whole cell patch clamp technique using Human Embryonic Kidney cells (HEK293) as described in Helix et al, 2003.

In short, VRAC was activated by swelling of the cell in hypotonic (75 % tonicity)

15 extracellular salt solution and the anion current elicited by voltage ramps was measured vs. time. After stabilization of the current the compounds (A and B, respectively) were added to the extracellular solution and the time dependent block was followed for calculation of the K_D values.

The values obtained are shown in Table 1:

Table 1

Compound	Structure	K _D value
Compound A of the invention 4 th compound on page 19 of the specification	CI N N N F F F	0.095 μM
Compound B, 5 th compound on page 45 of the specification of WO 2004/022529		> 1 μM
Compound C, 6 th last compound of Example 2, right column on page 13 of the specification of US 2002/0037905	CF ₃ N=N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	> 1 µM
Compound D, 4 th compound of Example 2, right column on page 13 of US 2002-0037905	CF ₃ N N	> 1 μM
Compound E, 15 th compound of Example 1, right column on page 12 of US 2002-0037905	CF ₃ OH	> 1 μM

PALLE CHRISTOPHERSEN

CURRICULUM VITAE

Name:

Palle Christophersen

Home address:

Axel Juels Allé 48 DK-2750 Ballerup

Denmark

Tel.: +45 44 68 91 96

Office address:

NeuroSearch A/S Pederstrupvej 93 DK-2750 Ballcrup

Denmark

Tel.: +45 44 60 82 22 pc@neurosearch.dk

Birth:

May 17, 1958, Denmark

Education:

1985 Cand.scient.

University of Copenhagen (Biology)

1987 Ph.D.

University of Copenhagen (Physiology)

Positions:

1983-1985

Student Research Programme, August Krogh Institute, Dept. B., University

of Copenhagen.

1986-1989

Ph.D. student, August Krogh Institute, Dept. B., University of Copenhagen.

1989-1991

Scientist at Center for Biomembranes, University of Århus.

1991-

Research scientist, electrophysiology, NeuroSearch A/S

1995-2002

Project manager, NeuroSearch A/S

2002-

Scientific Officer, Ion Channels, NeuroSearch A/S,

2004-

Director of In Vitro Pharmacology, NeuroSearch A/S

2006-

Vice President, NeuroSearch A/S

Number of publications in peer reviewed journals and books: 49

Accepted manuscripts: 2 Submitted manuscripts: 2

Number of patent publications: 61

SELECTED PUBLICATIONS

Ulrik S. Sørensen, Dorte Strøbæk, Palle Christophersen, Charlotte Hougaard, Marianne L. Jensen, Elsebet Ø. Nielsen, Dan Peters, and Lene Teuber. Synthesis and Structure-Activity Relationship Studies of 2-(N-Substituted)-aminobenzimidazoles as Potent Negative Gating Modulators of Small Conductance Ca²⁺-Activated K⁺ Channels. J Med Chem, epub ahead of print.

Jacobsen JP, Weikop P, Hansen HH, Mikkelsen JD, Redrobe JP, Holst D, Bond CT, Adelman JP, Christophersen P, Mirza NR. (2008) SK3 K⁺ channel-deficient mice have enhanced dopamine and serotonin release and altered emotional behaviors. Genes Brain Behav, epub ahead of print.

Hougaard C, Eriksen BL, Jorgensen S, Johansen TH, Dyhring T, Madsen LS, Stroback D, **Christophersen P**. Selective positive modulation of the SK3 and SK2 subtypes of small conductance Ca²⁺-activated K⁺ channels. Br J Pharmacol. 2007.

Strobaek D, Hougaard C, Johansen TH, Sorensen US, Nielsen EO, Nielsen KS, Taylor RD, Pedarzani P, Christophersen P. (2006) Inhibitory gating modulation of small conductance Ca2+-activated K+ channels by the synthetic compound (R)-N-(benzimidazol-2-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naphtylamine (NS8593) reduces afterhyperpolarizing current in hippocampal CA1 neurons. Mol Pharmacol. 70(5):1771-82.

Pedarzani P, McCutcheon JE, Rogge G, Jensen BS, Christophersen P, Hougaard C, Stroback D, Stocker M. (2005) Specific enhancement of SK channel activity selectively potentiates the afterhyperpolarizing current I(AHP) and modulates the firing properties of hippocampal pyramidal neurons. J Biol Chem. 280(50):41404-11.

Schroder RL, Strobaek D, Olesen SP, Christophersen P. (2003) Voltage-independent KCNQ4 currents induced by (+/-)BMS-204352. Pflugers Arch. 446(5):607-16.

Jensen BS, Stroback D, Olesen SP, **Christophersen P**. (2001) The Ca²⁺-activated K⁺ channel of intermediate conductance: a molecular target for novel treatments, Curr Drug Targets. 2(4):401-22. Review

Bennekou P, de Franceschi L, Pedersen O, Lian L, Asakura T, Evans G, Brugnara C, Christophersen P. (2001) Treatment with NS3623, a novel Cl-conductance blocker, ameliorates erythrocyte dehydration in transgenic SAD mice: a possible new therapeutic approach for sickle cell disease. Blood. 97(5):1451-7.

Stroback D, Jorgensen TD, Christophersen P, Ahring PK, Olesen SP. (2000) Pharmacological characterization of small-conductance Ca²⁺-activated K⁺ channels stably expressed in HEK 293 cells. Br J Pharmacol. 129(5):991-9.

Pedersen KA, Schroder RL, Skaaning-Jensen B, Stroback D, Olesen SP, Christophersen P (1999) Activation of the human intermediate-conductance Ca²⁺-activated K⁺ channel by 1-ethyl-2-benzimidazolinone is strongly Ca²⁺-dependent. Biochim Biophys Acta. 1420(1-2):231-40

Christophersen P (1991) Ca²⁺-activated K⁺ channel from human erythrocyte membranes: single channel rectification and selectivity. J Membr Biol. 119(1):75-83.

Vestergaard-Bogind B, Stampe P, Christophersen P (1985) Single-file diffusion through the Ca²⁺-activated K⁺ channel of human red cells. J Membr Biol. 88(1):67-75.